THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1863. NO. 174.

BY J. L. PENNINGTON.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The following are the only terms of subscription to THE DAILY PROGRESS:

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" " 3 " 3 00 | " " 12 " 8 00

The Paper will not be sent to new subscribers without pay in advance; and in all cases it will be stopped at the time paid for expires.

JOB PRINTING.

Having connected with the PROGRESS e tablishment a Job Office equal to any in the City or State, we are prepared to execute all orders for BOOK and JOB PRINTING. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[REPORTED FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Virginia Election.

RICHMOND, May 29.—At the State election, yesterday, Lyons was elected over Lyons, in this Congressional district, and Wm. C. Rives was elected without opposition in the Albemarle district.

The Steamer Pet at Nassau.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The steamer *Banshee* reports that steamer *Pet* was at Nassau Saturday last.

The failure of the *Progress* to go West yesterday was owing to the failure of the Contractor to reach the City Office and the depot, to make the connection. As this job saves the Conductor from detention he should see that the business is attended to.

More Concert at Town Hall to-night. See advertisement.

FROM VIRGINIA.

Gleanings from the Rappahannock the *Enquirer*, of the 26th, says:

Along the Rappahannock all is quiet as regards a general movement of troops. The enemy are massing their forces of cavalry opposite our forces stationed at Upper Court House, and seem to be in some considerable alarm and pertubation, from a rumor that we are about gathering our troops together at the above named point. There has, however, been no bold movement.

The Confederals last week made a raid down the Rappahannock river into Westmoreland and Northumberland counties, and destroyed a great deal of property. They established headquarters at a place called Union Church. They stated that they had fourteen regiments of cavalry, seven of which went to Lancaster. They carried off between eight and nine hundred horses, one hundred and thirty wagon loads of negroes, besides those which were mounted on stolen horses. The wagons were also stolen. They burned many barns, and cut and crop of last year.

The operations of the enemy's force at West Point the same paper has the following:

The outrages in the vicinity of West Point are commencing devastations and outrages. They have burned mills, dwelling houses and barns in King and Queen county, as well as in Gloucester and Matthews. In Matthews county, near the line of Gloucester, a dozen of the wretches committed the most horrid and brutal outrages upon the person of a lady, a young lady of high respectability. The shock to her person were so great that it was feared she would die.

The residents in that section of country say that a regiment of cavalry would effectually check these depredations. If the men of the country would form themselves into guerrilla parties, they could clear the country in a week.

Several days ago our troops took down below West Point two pieces of artillery, and fired into a transport, killing it and causing great commotion aboard. Shortly after the departure of our artillery, the Yankees landed troops from two gunboats, and burned the dwelling houses with all the out buildings.

"THE MARBLE HEART."—The play of "The Marble Heart" was first produced in Paris about sixteen years ago. The *lorettes* of Paris were charmed with it, and literally strewed flowers in the path of the author, Dumas younger. The great novelist was so chagrined at the unlooked for demonstration that he turned the tables and produced, in a few months, "The Marble Heart," with a woman of the same class with Camille portrays in heartless instincts.

The banking house of William T. Smithson, in Washington, has been seized and closed. Smithson is in prison, charged with buying Confederate money.

STOCK MARKET.

REPORTED BY W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.

SATURDAY, May 30, 1863.

Confederate Bonds, (15,000,000 loan,) $1.85.
Confederate Bonds, (100,000,000 loan,) $1.05 a $1.09.
Confederate Bonds, (new loan,) $1.02½.
N. C. Bonds, (old issue, $1.75
N. C. Bonds, 6s., (new issue,) $1.35.
N. C. Bonds, 8s., (new issue,) $1.37½.
N. C. fundable Treasury Notes, $1.30 a 1.37½.
Bank Notes, 65 to 75 pr. cent. premium.
Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road Stock, 135.
Bonds $500 premium; Silver, $450 premium.

CITY MARKET.

RALEIGH, May 30.

BACON—Green, scarce	$15
Dried	$6
BRAN—Hog round	90c—$1
BEANS	60c
BEESWAX	$1 75
BUTTER	$6
BUTTER	$1 25@1 50
CANDLES—Tallow	$2 00
Wax—By the box	$2 56
Adamantine	$4
Sperm	$6
COAL—per Barrel	$25
CHICKENS	$1 50@1 75
EGGS	$2
FLOUR	75c
FLOUR—Family	$40
Superfine	$35
Fine	$25
FEATHER—Per hundred	$7
FODDERS	$1
GRASS SEED	$3@$3 50
HAY	None
HIDES—Dry	$1 25
Green	60c
Per hundred	$3 50
HOGS	$1
HORSES	$10
LARD	$5 50
LIME—Scarce	$1 25
Per hundred	$4
Cleaned	$3 bu
POTATOES—Sweet	$50 per hundred.
Irish	$4 50
Ground	$5
Stock	$12
White Table	$5
RICE	$7
SALT	25c
SHOT	30c
SUGAR	$4
TOBACCO—Brown	$17 50
Coffee	$1 40
Loaf	$1 50
TALLOW	None.
WHEAT	$1 50

Farmers and others must remember that the prices of all articles in the above list fluctuate nearly every day in proportion to their abundance or scarcity in market.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

I HAVE 35 BARRELS SPIRITS TURPENTINE IN large, fine, well made casks, averaging 44 gallons each, and for sale. It can be delivered at Boon Hill, on the North Carolina Railroad.

May 29-1w D. C. CARRINGTON, Goldsboro', N. C.

For the Daily Progress:]

JACKSON.

BY J. EMORY MILLER.

The music of the vernal breeze,
The golden bloom of flowers,
The green woods full of melody,
Springs rosy-footed hours,—
Do but enhance the doleful dreams,
That bathe in melting gloom,
Pale fancy when she wends her way,
To Jackson's solemn tomb.

Soft tread the silent honor'd spot,
And let the stealing tear,
Draw honor from its sweet abode,
To deck thy sad career;
For to this Mecca of the South,
O'er many fields of blood,
Will Freedom's genii oft repair,
To gather victory's food.

How brilliant was his thund'ring path!
His destiny how grand!—
Bright fancy in her purest flight,
Ne'er roamed a sweeter strand,—
Than that for which his war-tossed barque,
Swept o'er Time's troubled sea—
And reached, to twine around his name,
The wreaths of victory.

Though mingled with its kindred dust,
And stiff and pale and cold,
That clay is dearer to the South,
Far dearer than its gold;
It was the temple of a power
That swept o'er all the land,
Was loved from bright Potomac's wave
To Yellow Rio Grande.

Ten million bosoms weep to-day,
And is their weeping vain?
Their very sorrow adds new strength,
To freedom's brilliant chain;
They weep the mouldering dust to see,—
They joy the strength to feel,
That showers from his radiant soul,
Upon the freeman's steel.

Eternal is the honored fame,
That he has left behind,
To keep alive pure freedom's flame,
In every Southern mind;
Comate of our great Washington's,
'Twill tyrant's ever spurn
Like that of Wallace, Freedom's chief,
And Bruce of Bannockburn,

WARREN Co., N. C.

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

SALT AND FLOUR FOR SALE.

I SHALL KEEP SALT AND FLOUR FOR SALE in the town of Weldon, and can send a small lot of either, daily, if desired, on any of the Railroads leading from said Town. J. H. GOOCH.

Weldon, May 28-1w*

FOR SALE

NORTH CAROLINA 6 PER CENT. CERTIFICATES
" " 8 " Bonds.
Confederate States Bonds.
Wanted—N. C. 6 per cent. Fundable Notes.

Jan 28-tf W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.

DESIRABLE INVESTMENT IN TEXAS LANDS.

ONE-HALF OF THE

JUSTO LIENDO TRACT.

THIS TRACT OF DESIRAPLE LANDS WAS SELected for his home site many years since, by Col. M. B. Menard, who was an extensive land owner in Texas, and one of the leading founders of the city of Galveston. The property has never passed out of his family, since its purchase by him, and one-half of it only is now offered for sale for a change of investment, and will be sold in parcels of one-fourth of a league, or 1,100 acres each.

It is situated in Milan county, within the

TEMPERATE AND SHOWERY BELT OF TEXAS,

about 45 miles North-Eastward from the Capital of the State, and about 55 miles Northwestwardly from Brenham, the present terminus of Railroad communication with Galveston and Houston.

The tract is divided in two nearly equal parts by Brushy Creek, (emptying into San Gabriel river,) and comprises an admirable combination of lands for agricultural and pastural pursuits. High and dry post oak lands, filled with fencing materials;

ROLLING PRAIRIE, WITH

BEAUTILUL BUILDING SITES

commanding a view of the entire tract;

RICH TIMBERED BOTTOM

on both sides of the Creek, rising from there to a fine prairie covered with mesquite grass (not the bearded)

UNSURPASSED FOR GRAZING PURPOSES,

and which extends uninteruptedly to the banks of the San Gabriel, from 12 to 15 miles distant.

This region of country is not surpassed by any in Texas, in

REGULARITY OF SEASONS,
DELIGHTFUL CLIMATE AND
HEALTH OF THE LOCALITY;

and the tract itself forms one of the best investments for present use or future profit to be found in Texas,

THE LAND OF PROMISE AND OF PEACE.

During the dry year of 1860 in Texas, Mr. Conolly's farm, (on a portion of the tract,) yielded an average of 50 bushels of corn, and 15 bushels of wheat to the acre. There are numerous flouring mills in Milan, and the adjoining counties of Bell and Williamson.

All the small grains grow well, cotton yields one bale to the acre, horses, mules, sheep, hogs and

HORNED CATTLE THRIVE

WITHOUT WINTERING

and are largely raised throughout the region. The titles to the land have never been questioned, and are unquestionable, and there are no squatters on it. The settled portion of the State extends far beyond Milan county, in every direction.

The property now belongs to J. S. Thrasher, Superintendant of the Press Association, and one-half of it is offered for sale, only because the acceptance of the duties of his public position involves the necessity of a partial change in his investments.

It is offered at private sale until the 7th day of August, when if not disposed of, it will be sold at public auction, without reserve, for cash, in Confederate Treasury notes in the city of Atlanta.

For further information, and plan of tract apply to

R. M. PARKS & CO.,
Whitehall Street, Atlanta Georgia.

May 11-M&Ttf

BAGGAGE CHECK FOUND.

A BAGGAGE CHECK ON THE N. C. R. R. NO.—, picked up in the street, has been left at this office. It may detain the baggage of the loser at the depot. The person to whom it belongs can have it by calling and paying for this advertisement. May 18-tf.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS WHO PRESENT THEMSELVES at the office of the Surgeon General, between the hours of 9 and 10 a. m., will be vaccinated free of charge.

EDWARD WARREN,
Dec 30-tf Surgeon General of N. C.

SUBSTITUTE WANTED.

MUST BE OVER FORTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE, healthy and sound. A man of this description can get a good price by applying to MR. J. R. WHITAKER, in Raldeigh, N. C. May 29-tf

MILITARY NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CONSCRIPTS.

ENROLLING OFFICE 5TH CONGRESSIONAL DIST.,
OXFORD, May 18th, 1863.

THE COMMANDING OFFICERS OF THE MILITIA Regiments of the 5th Congressional District of N. C., comprising the Counties of Wake, Orange, Granville, Franklin, Warren and Nash, will please proceed at once to re-enroll all and every white male person within the limits of their Regiments. This notice includes all those who have been previously exempted or detailed or who have been discharged from service from any cause whatsoever.

All persons or contractors engaged in the manufacture of Nitre or other ordnance for the Confederate States, must have their applications for detail or exemption certified to by Capt. Barney, Agent Nitre and Mining Bureau, Greensboro', N. C., that the number is neither unreasonable or excessive. Contractors with the Confederate or State Government (other than ordnance) must have their applications for exemption or detail certified to by the officer with whom they make the contract.

Special notice is given that no person after enrollment has the right to volunteer, or put a substitute in any company or regiment, except at the Camp of Instruction. Persons enrolled as Conscripts who fail to report promptly at Camp of Instruction, will be at once arrested and sent there.

The commanding officer of the 42d Regt N C Militia, will assemble his Regiment at Oxford, Granville county, N C, on the 29th and 30th of May, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 43d Regt N C Militia, will assemble his men at Oxford, Granville county, on the 1st, 2d and 3d of June, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 40th Regt N C Militia, will assemble his men at Louisburg, Franklin county, N C, on the 6th and 8th of June, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 32d Regt N C Militia, will assemble his men at Nashville, Nash county, N C, on the 11th and 12th days of June, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 37th Regt N C Militia, will assemble his men at Warrenton, Warren county, N C, on the 15th and 16th days of June, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 35th Regt N C Militia, will assemble his men at the Court House, in Raleigh, N C, on the 19th, 20th and 22d days of June, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 39th Regt N C Militia, will assemble his men at the Court House in Raleigh, N C, on the 23d, 24th and 25th days of June, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 118th Regt N C Militia, will assemble his men at the Court House in Raleigh, on the 26th and 27th days of June, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 45th Regt N C Militia, will assemble his men at Hillsboro' in Orange county, N C, on the 30th of June, and 1st and 2d of July, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 46th Regt N C Militia, will assemble his men at Hillsboro', Orange county, N C, on the 3d, 4th and 6th days of July, 1863.

Militia officers will please attend each day and render all the assistanse in their power to the Enrolling Officer, and they will please decide all questions as to the ages of persons before enrollment, and notify every man between the ages of eighteen and forty, to appear and show why they shall not be enrolled as conscripts.

A. LANDIS, Jr.,
Enrolling Officer for 5th District of N C.
H. W. CAFFEY,
Assistant Surgeon, P. A. C. S.,
Chairman of Ex. Board.

May 25 3w
Standard copy.

Adjutant and Inspector General's Office,

RICHMOND, May 1st, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 52

THE FOLLOWING ACT OF CONGRESS, APPROVed by the President, is published for the information and direction of all concerned, in connection with the act relating to impressments heretofore announced in General Orders No. 37, from the Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, April 6th, 1863, and as supplementary to said act: An act to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate impressments by officers of the army."

The Congress of the Confederate States of America do enact, That in all cases of appraisement provided for in said act, the officer impressing the property shall, if he believe the appraisement to be fair and just, endorse upon it his approval; if not, he shall endorse upon it his reasons for refusing, and deliver the same, with a receipt for the property impressed, to the owner, his agent or attorney, and, as soon as practicable, forward a copy of the receipt and appraisement, and his endorsement thereon, to the board of appraisers appointed by the President and Governor of the State, who shall revise the same and make a final valuation, so as to give just compensation for the property taken, which valuation shall be paid by the proper department for the use of which the property was taken, on the certificate of appraisers, as provided in the act of which this is amendatory.

[Approved April 27th, 1863.]

By Order,
(Signed) S. COOPER,
Adjutant and Inspector General.

All parties taking appeals from the decisions of local appraisers, to the undersigned, are hereby notified that these appeals must be made up in due form and accompanied by suitable proofs and reasons, in accordance with the law, or they cannot be acted on.

R. V. BLACKSTOCK,
H. K. BURGWYN,
Commissioners of appraisement for N. C.

Daily papers publish 6 times, Semi-weekly papers 4 times and Weekly papers 3 times, and send bills to Standard office. May 25-6t

NOTICE.

THE COMMANDING OFFICERS OF EACH MILITIA Regiment in the Second Congressional District, N C, are requested to call every man in their several Regiments from eighteen to forty years old, those that have been exempted, detailed, discharged, or from any cause whatsoever, at the following times and places, viz:

Kinston, Lenoir county, Tuesday the 9th of June.
Snow Hill, Green county, Friday, 12th of June.
Greenville, Pitt county, Monday, 15th of June.
Wilson, Wilson county, Thursday, 18th of June.

The upper Regiment, Halifax co, commanded by Col Johnston, will meet at Halifax, Halifax county, Tuesday 23d of June.

The lower Regiment, Halifax co, commanded by Col D B Bell, will meet at Halifax, Halifax co, Wednesday, 24th of June.

The upper Regiment, Edgecombe co, commanded by Col Wm Knight, will meet in Tarboro', Edgecombe co, Friday, 27th of June.

The lower Regiment in said county commanded by Col W Jones, will meet in Tarboro', Edgecombe co, Saturday, 28th of June.

KENNETH THIGPEN,
Enrolling Officer, 2d Cong Dist N C.
WM. P. FINLEY,
Assistant Surgeon, P A C S,
May 25-1w Chm. Ex. Board 2d Cong. Dist.

Camp of Instruction, N. C.,

CAMP HOLMES, April 30th, 1863.

SPECIAL ORDER, No.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERAL ORDERS NO. 25, Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, Richmond, Va., the names of the following Slaves are published in order that their owners may come forward and claim their property, viz:

JACK, aged about 20 years, black complexion, 5 ft. 4 in. high, property of George Young, Jones county, N. C.

SIMON, aged about 12 years, black complexion, 4 feet 6½ inches high, property of Samuel Woodley, Washington county, N. C.

LEVINA, aged about 26 years, black complexion, 5 feet 3½ inches high, property of Samuel Woodley, Washington county, N. C.

MILLY, aged about 25 years, dark complexion, 5 feet 4 inches high, property of Dr. Edward Haughton, Washington county, N. C.

MARGARET, aged about 14 years, black complexion, 5 feet 1½ inches high, property of Samuel Woodley, Washington county, N. C.

By order of
Col. PETER MALLETT,
Commanding Conscripts, N. C.

J. N. PRIOR, Adjutant. May 1-1m

N. C. Standard, and Daily (Wilmington) Journal, publish one month and send bill to Col. Peter Mallett.

BOOK BINDER WANTED.

WANTED, A BOOK BINDER TO A COMPETENT workman, a permanent situation with a good salary will be given. Apply by letter or in person, to CHRONICLE and SENTINEL OFFICE, Augusta, Georgia. May 25-3t

MILITARY NOTICES.

Executive Department North Carolina.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE
Raleigh, May 26th, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER No. 9.

I. MILITIA OFFICERS ARE ORDERED NOT TO arrest any man as a conscript or deserter, who may have been discharged under a writ of *habeas corpus*, tried before any Judge of the Supreme or Superior Courts of this State. They are further ordered to resist any such arrest upon the part of any person, not authorized by the legal order or process of a Court or Judge having jurisdiction of such cases.

By order of Governor VANCE:

DANIEL G. FOWLE,
May 27-1w Adjutant General.

REWARDS.

$25 REWARD.

A MEMORANDUM BOOK CONTAINING VALUAble papers, a package of accounts of sales of goods sold by Joseph Herring, for Scott and Jackson, Kinston, and a package of Government receipts, and other memorandums was lost some two weeks ago, between Raleigh and Franklinton, on the cars. The above reward will be given for the recovery of the book and papers, and no questions asked.

J. F. SCOTT, Franklinton, N. C.

May 26-1w*

SUMMER RESORTS.

PIEDMONT SPRINGS,

BURKE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.

THESE SPRINGS ARE SITUATED IN WESTERN North Carolina, about fifteen miles from Morganton, in a mountainous, beautiful and romantic country. The waters—Sulphur and Chalybeate—are said to be equal to any in the country. Deer, Bear and Pheasants abound in the mountains.

The company have succeeded in obtaining the services of an experienced gentleman and lady to take charge of the house, and will be ready for the reception of visitors by the 1st of July.

One fourth of this property, with three hundred acres of land attached, would be sold to a person competent to take charge of the property.

May 28-2w* PIEDMONT SPRINGS.

TO REFUGEES AND OTHERS.

THE PROPRIETORS OF SHOCCO SPRINGS GIVE notice that the following will be their rates of charges. Their present patrons and those who shall take rooms before the 15th June, to remain till the 15th October, following, will be charged $50 per month. All others will be charged as follows:

Per month, ... $75.00
" week, ... 25.00
" day, ... 5.00

Children and Servants, half price.

A daily hack will be found at the Warrenton Depot, on arrival of the cars to convey passengers to the Springs.

HYMAN, NICHOLLS & CO.
Shocco Springs, N. C., May 28-2w* Proprietors.

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS.

AFTER THE 1ST JUNE, OUR HOUSE WILL BE open for the reception of boarders.

RATES OF BOARD.

Board per day, ... $6.00
" " week, ... 35.00
" " month, ... 100.00
Children under ten, and servants, half price.

May 23-tf BLACKNALL & CO., Proprietors.

NOTICE.

CAPTURED BY MY COMPANY, ON NEUSE RIVER, and confined in Goldsboro Jail, the following slaves: HENRY, copper colored, 36 years old, five feet 7 inches high, who says he belongs to Mr. C. Billups of Norfolk, Virginia.

ISHAM, 46 years old, nearly black, five feet 5 inches high, hair partly grey, who says he belongs to Aaron Jeffreys of Norfolk, Virginia, who he thinks is now in Richmond. The owners will come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

S. G. BARRINGTON,
May 27-1w Capt. Whitford's Battalion

OFFICE OF THE MOST EXCELLENT GRAND HIGH PRIEST,

OF THE GRAND ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER OF N C,
April 28th A L, 5863, A J, 2393, A D, 1863.

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE M E GRAND ROYAL Arch Chapter of North Carolina, requires the Annual Convocations of the same to be held in Wilmington, on the first Monday in June, in each year. We hope the officers who have the honor to preside over the subordinate Chapters of this jurisdiction, will have their respective Chapters represented at the next Convocation. Business of importance will be before that body and a punctual attendance is required.

May 25-7t E. F. WATSON, M E G H P.

CANDLES! CANDLES!! CANDLES!!!

FOR SALE AT THE

GRAHAM CANDLE FACTORY.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ON HAND AND ARE constantly manufacturing a superior article of WAX and TALLOW CANDLES which they are prepared to furnish in any quantity and at reasonable prices. Address

KLAPP & BERRY,
May 11-1m* Graham, N. C.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

WITH AN EXPERIENCE OF MORE THAN FORTY years, the undersigned does not flatter himself, but is flattered by his customers, and will receive and sell at Auction, or on Commission, everything entrusted to his care.

FRANK I. WILSON,
May 14-tf Auctioneer.
Standard copy tf.

WANTED.

STOCK IN THE RALEIGH & GASTON AND WILmington & Weldon Railroads.

JNO G WILLIAMS & CO.
May 21-1w* Stock and Exchange Brokers.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

I HAVE ON HAND 20 OR 30,000 POUNDS OF FINE LEAF TOBACCO: I invite the attention of manufacturers to this notice. Call on or address

P. R. MERRYMAN,
May 20-1w* Henderson, N. C.

SUBSTITUTE WANTED.

A SUBSTITUTE IS WANTED TO GO INTO THE 2nd N. C. Cavalry, now in Virginia. A horse and equipments will be furnished if desired. A liberal price will be paid. Apply immediately at

May 22-tf PROGRESS OFFICE.

SCOTCH SNUFF.

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE MANUFACTURING ON an extensive scale a very superior article of SCOTCH SNUFF, and are always prepared to fill orders from any place in the Confederacy.

B. W. LYNCH & SON.,
May 14-2m* Petersburg, Va.

W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.,

STOCK BROKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

[*Office on Fayetteville Street.*]

WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO sales and purchases of State and Confederate Bonds, Bank and other Stocks, collection of Claims, and any business connected with the different departments of the State government.

Bank notes of all Southern States bought and sold.

REFERENCES,

O G Parsley, Wilmington.
W A Wright, " do.
John D Williams, Fayetteville.
W G Broadfoot, " do.
J J Blackwood, Charlotte.
W R Lane, Wayne county.
John D Whitford, Craven county.
Hon Thomas Ruffin, Alamance county.
Hon W N Edwards, Warren county.
Hon D W Courts, Rockingham county.
H W Guion, Lincoln county.
And citizens of Raleigh generally. Jan 14-tf

ADVERTISING RATES.

The following rates will be charged for all advertisements inserted in the DAILY PROGRESS:

ONE SQUARE OF TWELVE LINES, OR LESS:

One day	$1 00	Two weeks	$10 00
Two days	2 00	One month	12 50
Three days	3 00	Two months	25 00
Four days	4 00	Three months	30 00
Five days	4 50	Six months	50 00
One week	5 00	Twelve months	75 00

Twelve lines or less count a square, and additions squares will be charged the same.

Cash will be demanded from all persons except where special contracts are made. When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement.

MILITARY DIRECTORY.

FIELD OFFICERS AND BRIGADES OF N. C. REGIMENTS.

We are indebted to John B. Neathery, Clerk in the Adjutant General's Office, for the following statement:

No	COLONEL.	LIEUT. COLONEL.	MAJORS.
1	Jno A McDowell	H A Brown	Jas S Hines
2	William R Cox	W S Stallings	D W Hurt
3	Wm L DeRossett	S D Thruston	W M Parsley
4	Bryan Grimes	James H Wood	E A Osborne
5	Thomas M Garrett	John W Lea	Wm J Hill
6	Isaac E Avery	Robert F Webb	S McD Tate
7	Edw G Haywood		W L Davidson
8	Henry M Shaw	James W Hinton	J M Whitson
9	Lawrence S Baker	James B Gordon	J H Whitaker
10	Jas A J Bradford	Stephen D Pool	H T Guion / T Sparrow
11	C Leventhorpe	Wm J Martin	Egbert A Ross
12			
13	Alfred M Scales	Joseph H Hyman	L H Hunt
14	R Tyler Bennett	W A Johnston	J H Lamboth
15	William MacRae	W H Yarborough	G W Hammond
16	John S McElroy	Wm A Stowe	H D Lee
17	Wm F Martin	John C Lamb	T H Sharpe
18			J D Barry
19	Solomon Williams	Wm G Robinson	C M Andrews
20	Thomas F Toon	Nelson Slough	
21	W W Kirkland		W S Rankin
22	James Conner		
23	Dan'l H Christie	Rob't D Johnston	C C Blacknal
24	Wm J Clarke	John L Harris	T D Love
25	H M Rutledge	Samuel C Bryson	W S Grady
26	H K Burgwyn, Jr	John R Lane	J T Jones
27	John A Gilmer, Jr	G F Whitfield	J C Webb
28	Samuel D Lowe	Wm H A Speer	Sam N Stowe
29	Robert B Vance		W B Creasman
30	Francis M Parker	James T Kell	W W Sillers
31	John V Jordan	C W Knight	J A D McKay
32	Edmund C Brabble	Wm T Williams	D G Coward
33	Clark M Avery	Robert V Cowan	T W Mayhew
34	W L J Lowrance		Geo T Gordon
35	Matt W Ransom	John G Jones	J T Johnston
36	No field org'zation		
37	Wm M Barbour	John B Ashcraft	W G Morris
38	Wm J Hoke	John Ashford	M M'Lauchlin
39	David Coleman	Frank A Reynolds	
40	No field org'zation		
41	John A Baker		
42	George C Gibbs	John E Brown	C W Bradshaw
43	Thomas S Kenan	Wm G Lewis	W J Boggan
44	Thos C Singeltary	T L Hargrove	C M Stedman
45	A Morehead	Samuel H Boyd	J R Winston
46	Edward D Hall	W L Saunders	A C M'Callister
47	Geo I. Faribault	John A Graves	A D Crudup
48	Robert C Hill	Sam'l A Walkup	A A Hill
49	Lee M McAfee	Jno A Flemming	P B Chambers
50	J A Washington	George Wortham	J C Vanhook
51	Hector McKethan	Caleb B Hobson	J R McDonald
52	James K Marshall	Marcus A Parks	J Q Richardson
53	William A Owens	J T Morehead, Jr	J J Iredell
54		K M Murchison	A Ellis
55	Jno K Connally	M T Smith	Alfred H Belo
56	Paul F Faison	G Gratiott Luke	H F Schenck
57	Arch'd C Godwin	H C Jones, Jr	J A Craige
58	John B Palmer		J C Keener
59	Dennis D Ferrebee	Edward Cantwell	J M Mayo
60			W M Hardy
61	James D Radcliffe	Wm S Devane	H Harding
62	Robert G A Love	Geo W Clayton	D G McDowell
63	Peter G Evans	Stephen B Evans	J H McNeill
64	Lawrence M Allen		Wm Garrett
65	George N Folk	Thaddeus P Siler	John J Spann

The Regiments are Brigaded as follows:

Clingman's Brigade—8th, 31st, 51st and 61st.
Cooke's Brigade—15th, 27th, 46th and 48th.
Bate's Brigade—29th.
Daniel's Brigade—32d, 43d, 45th, 50th and 53d.
Davis' Brigade—55th.
Hoke's Brigade—6th, 21st, 54th and 57th.
Hampton's Brigade—9th.
Iverson's Brigade—5th, 12th, 20th and 23d.
Lane's Brigade—7th, 18th, 28th, 33d and 37th.
Lee's, W. H. F., Brigade—19th.
Martin's Brigade—17th, 42d, 47th and 63d.
Pender's Brigade—13th, 16th, 22d, 34th and 38th.
Pettigrew's Brigade—11th, 26th, 44th and 52d.
Ransom's Brigade—24th, 25th, 35th, 49th and 56th.
Ramseur's Brigade—2d, 4th, 14th and 30th.
Robertson's Brigade—41st and 59th.
Taliaferro's Brigade—1st and 3d.
Not Brigaded—10th, 36th, 40th, 58th, 60th, 62d, 64th and 65th.

The following are Infantry Regiments

1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32d, 33d, 34th, 35th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 42d, 43d, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52d, 53d, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 60th, 61st, 62d, 64th.

The following are Cavalry Regiments:

9th, 19th, 41st, 59th, 63d, 65th.

The following are Artillery Regiments:

10th, 36th, 40th.

The following are the Battalions:

Lieut. Colonel Charles E. Shober's, (formerly Wharton J. Green's) Infantry; Major J. H. Nethercutt's Rangers; Major R. W. Wharton's Sharpshooters; Major John W. Moore's Artillery; Major W. L. Young's Artillery; Major Alex. MacRae's Artillery; Col. Peter Mallett's Camp Guard; Whitford's Battalion, Rangers; Major Alfred H. Baird's Battalion of Cavalry.

Colonel W. H. Thomas' Legion of Highlanders and Indians is composed of one Regiment and one Battalion, and numbers over 1,500 men.

TAKEN UP.

ON OR ABOUT THE 1ST OF APRIL, A BLACK NEgro boy named JOHN. Said boy claims to be free, and says he was raised by Wm. Pugh, of Lenoir county. John is about 5 feet 8 inches high, and always laughs when spoken to. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be dealt with according to law.

J. M. BOYD, Jailor,
May 21-1w* Graham, Alamance county, N. C.

LACK & FARRISS,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

PROCTOR'S OLD STAND,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

WE WOULD INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT WE have on hand and are constantly receiving an assortment of

CITIZENS' AND MILITARY CLOTHING.

The business will be carried on under the direct supervision of Mr. C. M. FARRISS, and satisfaction guaranteed to our patrons. An experienced hand will go to the Camps to take measures for uniforms when ordered.

G. A. LACK ..... C. M. FARRISS.
April 7-tf

PIANO FORTES.

JAMES PIRSSON, P. A NO FORTE MANUFACturer, respectfully informs the public that he has established himself in Raleigh, and offers his services to all those who wish their Pianos skillfully and thoroughly tuned or repaired. Orders left at the Book Store of W. L. Pomery, Esq., or at Mr. Pirsson's residence in Harget street, nearly opposite the Fair Grounds, will meet with prompt attention.

N. B.—Piano Fortes bought and sold. Mr. Pirsson refers to Rev. Dr. Smedes and Professor Hansen.

Jan 13-tf

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,

RALEIGH, N. C., May 8, 1862.

LEAD WANTED.—I WISH TO PURCHASE LEAD for this department. Persons having large or small quantities will please apply at once. Will give 1 pound of POWDER for 10 pound of LEAD.

THOS. HOGG, Capt. C. F.,
May 8-tf In charge of Ordnance.

CURRY COMBS.

200 DOZEN CURRY COMBS FOR SALE AT THE Factory of PRAIRIE & LACK
March 24-tf.

WANTED

CONFEDERATE TREASURY NOTES ISSUED July 28, 1861, and payable two years after date.

March 31-tf W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.

WANTED.

COUPONS OF THE 15,000,000 CONFEDERATE Loan. Also N. C. $1 and $2 Treasury Notes.

April 17-tf W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1863.

ADVANCE IN OUR TERMS.

When we commenced the publication of the Progress here in November, we got paper at 25 cents per pound and fixed our prices accordingly, but now we pay 40 cents a pound for paper, while ink, labor, telegraph news, and everything else has advanced from 50 to 100 per cent.—For these reasons we are compelled to make a slight advance in our terms of subscription to enable us to meet the heavy expenses of publication and support those dependent on us. If paper falls in price we shall fall; but if, on the other hand, it continues to go up, we shall have to go up or suspend, and we cannot think the public would submit to that.

On and after the 1st day of June, 1863, the price of subscription will be as follows:

Daily Progress	One year - - -	$10 00
" "	Six months - -	6 00
" "	Three months -	4 00
" "	Two months -	3 00
" "	One month - -	1 50

Until the 1st of June subscriptions will be received at the present terms.

Agents and newsdealers will be furnished at the old rates.

Vicksburg.

The enemy claim to have already captured Vicksburg, and there is rejoicing from Cape Cod to Salt Lake over the grand achievement, but when we remember that they also captured Richmond, a few weeks ago, we are but little annoyed by their announcements.

Our own advices from Vicksburg, up to this writing, are not as satisfactory as we could wish, but at the same time we have nothing to cause us to believe that the place had fallen. The fate of Vicksburg can only be decided by a great battle, and that battle has not been fought. If Gen. Johnston whips Grant, Vicksburg is not only saved, but the whole Yankee campaign in Mississippi proves an abortion, for a defeat in front of Vicksburg will demoralize the enemy to such a degree as to prevent further operations against the city during the summer.

Grant cannot long continue in his present position in front of the city, nor can Gen. Johnston afford to let him remain there if he would. A great battle must soon be fought at Vicksburg that will not only decide the fate of the city, but of the State of Mississippi, for the present, at least. So far the news from Mississippi is vauge and unsatisfactory, and there is a feverish excitement to hear and know more, but it is probable that many days will elapse before we have even the particulars of the fighting that has been done. Whatever may come before we go to press will be given under the telegraph head.

Ramseur's Brigade.

We regretted the appearance, in this paper, soon after the battle of Chancellorsville, of a letter which reflected on some of the regiments of Ramseur's brigade. The letter was by a member of the 14th, to a gentleman in this city, who copied it or a portion of it, and handed it to us for publication, and without any examination of the contents, so eager were everybody to hear any and everything from the scene of carnage, we published it. Had we examined it and noticed the objectionable part we should, of course, have expunged so much of it as reflected upon other regiments of the brigade. The gentleman wrote immediately after the fight, under the excitement of the moment, and without maturing what he did write, no doubt gave expression to what he would not have done under other circumstances. We can hardly think he would intentionally wrong his comrades.

We publish, to-day, a letter from a gentleman in the brigade rebuking the statement referred to, and though some of his expressions are very sharp, we give place to his communication because the writer belongs to one of the regiments that feel aggrieved. No one can accuse us of a desire to detract from the well earned fame of Ramseur's brigade, for we have published every eulogium it has received, which has come to our notice; and more than a dozen times have we given place to the expressions of correspondents and extracts from other papers, that "the brigade covered itself with glory and was complimented on the field."

We trust that this statement and the letter of "Veritas" will put the matter to rest.

We regret to learn that the *Progress* does not reach Salem regularly. We do not fail to get it off from here by the 1 o'clock a. m. train once in a month, and whenever the people at Salem fail to get their papers they may blame the postmaster at High Point or the Route Agents for the failure. We hope the High Point postmaster will look a little to this matter.

A. P. Hill and Ewell, have been appointed Lieutenant Generals, and will be appointed to commands in the army of Northern Virginia.

N. C. Bank Notes are worth 75 to 80 premium in Richmond, and bonds, (old issue) 180 a 182½.

FROM THE WEST.—The Chattanooga *Rebel* of the 26th says:

Grant entered the State of Mississippi by crossing ing the river five miles below Grand Gulf, with sixty to one hundred thousand infantry and a heavy force of cavalry. He has received no reinforcements from Louisiana except from the west bank of the river. His transportation is all on the river, and he must cling to the river bank. We evacuated Grand Gulf, falling back fighting towards Jackson, followed by the enemy, who entered that city 50,000 strong on the 14th. Gen. Johnston reached Jackson on the 13th and fell back to Canton. The Yankees, alarmed at finding Johnston there, and after committing the most horrid excesses for two days—burning churches and private houses, gutting residences and tearing jewelry from the persons of individuals—fled towards Vicksburg on the 16th followed by Johnston, who constantly receives reinforcements.

Vicksburg has five months' supplies of every kind, and can only be taken by hunger.

The Yankee report of the capture of Alexandria is not credited.

As an instance of the bad state of morals in Castle Thunder, Richmond, it is said that the pockets of a minister of the gospel were picked while engaged in prayer for the inmates.

ARMY CORRESPONDENCE.

BIVOUAC 14TH REGIMENT,
Chancellorsville, May 25, 1863.

MR. EDITOR:—Two days a year ago, the North Carolina troops commenced rolling the ball which has entitled the North Carolina troops to a reputation for the greatest courage and most conspicuous gallantry of any soldiers in the Confederate service, and to-day sees us as triumphant, as much elated with success, and as confident of the future as we have ever been in the brightest days of our most splendid victories. We have met the enemy, we have driven him before us, we have polished the bright escutcheon of our Regiment to a brilliance that is matchless, and our Army has done much towards terminating this bloody war by inflicting on the enemy one of the most disheartening defeats ever sustained by any troops. The magic wand of Gen. Lee's genius has once more planned and conducted one of the most skillful attacks on General Hooker's army that history records. Let the shout of triumph ring throughout the South. Let the name of the adorable Lee be resounded from the Potomac to the Gulf, from the Atlantic to the Rocky Mountains. Let all our people rejoice in our success. I propose to give you a brief sketch of the part taken by Iverson's Brigade in this action, which will be necessarily imperfect, laboring as I am under such trying disadvantages:

On Wednesday morning, the 29th April, about 8 o'clock, our Brigade received intelligence that the enemy had effected a crossing near Fredericksburg and at other points along the river, and was ordered to take all rations on hands, and occupy a position on the railroad, the right resting at Hamilton's crossing. There we remained till the morning of the 1st of May, subjected at times to a dangerous fire of Artillery, when we were marched to within a mile of Chancellorsville, at which point about 10 miles distant from Fredericksburg, we were again drawn in line of battle and advanced under the cover of our sharp-shooters for some five hundred or a thousand yards, the enemy retiring as we approached. A well directed fire from a howitzer battery about four hundred yards in our front gave many of us considerable cause for uneasiness, and occasioned a loss of several men from the Brigade. At the time of our advance the Division of General A. P. Hill had engaged the Yankees and driven them with terrible slaughter at least a mile, where they took position in rear of their fortifications at Chancellorsville.

This being a strong position, Gen. Lee determined to flank it, and ordered General Jackson with three divisions of his corps to advance by a by-road, march about fifteen miles to the west and come round on their rear, attack them on their right flank and pursue them.

So on the morning of the second of May, General Jackson's command commenced their line of march and at five o'clock, p. m., on the enemy's flank and rear, took their position preparatory to an advance. Skirmishers were thrown forward in about thirty minutes, when the engagement commenced.

Iverson's Brigade commenced the charge, the 5th N. C in the advance, and for two miles the enemy were pursued closely—hundreds of prisoners were captured—fortification after fortification was taken, on the first of which the battle-flag presented the 5th N. C. T., by the ladies of Fayetteville, had the honor to be planted—the first on the enemy's breastworks;—a battery of artillery was taken by the Brigade, and a gallant (the only gallant thing I have seen performed by the enemy) cavalry charge was repulsed with heavy loss. Twilight prevented a further forward movement and we rested our weary limbs and excited minds by a short nap; but

"The soft moon rose up slowly, and calmly she looked down
On the red sands of the battle-field with bloody heroes strewn."

And as her beams, mild and gentle, wrapped the earth in the mystic splendor of a bright moonlight, the enemy advanced and was greeted with a galling fire, by which they were repulsed ignominiously. Through all this moonlight battle, our Brigade was under a terrific fire of shell, and your correspondent had the pleasure of being frightened a little more than he ever was before in any battle—of course it was hot.

On Sunday morning the attack was renewed. Iverson's Brigade was again in the advance, and in conjunction with Thomas' and Pender's Brigades, did some of the hardest fighting of the war. Gen. Pender was in command and displayed a courage and daring of which even "old Bethel Hill" might envy him. Pender is one of the coolest, most skillful, and *perfect* officers in the Army; I have never seen his equal in courage on the field in but one man—that man is James M. Taylor, a Captain in the 5th N. C. T., from Gates county, N. C. He seems to love danger for danger's sake.

To go on: Our line was advanced in the direction of Ely's Ford, for which point the enemy were thought to be making, they having been driven from Chancellorsville, but was met by the Yankees who were entrenched on a hill in our front, and held in check for some two or three hours; yet we continued our fire upon them until the General saw how fearful was our loss, how unnecessary our exposure and how futile our efforts with so weak a force would prove in storming such a position, retired about 150 yards, taking an excellent position and prepared to win other laurels. But the enemy retired and the victory was complete.

Since then, along one of our lines there has been nothing but skirmishing and an occasional artillery duel.

It is thought by many that the battle will be renewed, but a dispatch from below reports their left in rapid retreat: this constrains me to fear that the fight is ended.

The conduct of all of our Army was—as I predicted it would be, in my last letter—excellent; yet that of Iverson's Brigade was such as to win the encomiums of many of our oldest and best officers; such fighting as they did has seldom been witnessed in any clime or on any field.

In the 5th Regiment, Col. Garrett, Lt. Col. Lea, and Maj. Hill were wounded; in the 12th, N. C., Maj. Rowe was killed; in the 20th N. C., Col. Toone was wounded; and in the 23d N. C., Maj. Blacknall is missing. Gen. Iverson was struck in the thigh by a piece of shell, but was not incapacitated for the fight, and soon returned to take command of his gallant Brigade. In some future letter I will give you a sketch of some of these brave officers.

The "Ellis Guards," of Fayetteville, which is Co. A, of the 5th N. C. Troops, was is the fight. Officers and men did their duty. In the Saturday's charges Lieuts. Anderson and Smith acted in the bravest manner with conspicuous gallantry, nor did they lack fire or courage in the rest of the fight.

The loss in the Brigade is pretty heavy, probably one tenth, killed and wounded, both included.

The enemy's loss was very heavy in comparrison with ours.

Let us hope that this is their last effort, and that at last we are *Free*.

CENTURION.

RAMSEUR'S BRIGADE, RODES' DIVISION,
May 22d, 1863.

"Who steals my purse, steals trash: 'tis something, nothing;
'Twas mine, 'tis his, and has been slave to thousands,
But he who filches from me my good name,
Robs me of that which not enriches him,
And makes me poor indeed."

MR. EDITOR:—This quotation from Shakspeare was presented forcibly to my mind, after reading the following extract of a private letter, published in your paper of the 18th inst., written by a person who undeservedly fills an office in the 14th Regiment, N. C. Troops, and whom you, in your editorial simplicity, declare to your readers to be a "*modest* and *unassuming gentleman*."

I have no idea what will be done with our regiment. I don't think we have more than 125 men left; but they have raised themselves so high in the estimation of Gen. Rhodes, who is now our Maj. General, that he will not let us go if he can help it. He told Col. Bennett, Sunday, after we came out of the fight, that it was certainly the best regiment he ever saw. The other regiments of the Brigade gave way soon after we went in, and the 14th drove the enemy from the breastworks without assistance. We were exposed to a cross-fire for two and a half hours. Tell —— I got a sword off the battle field for him as soon as he gets a commission. I could have picked up a cart load if I could have brought them off. Among other things we captured 400 barrels of crackers and 75,000 pounds of bacon. I think they will increase our rations now."

"*Modest* and *unassuming*," indeed! I have seldom seen a more immodest and assuming publication. I hope you and your readers will pardon me in the language I use, when I assert that he has written barefaced, palpable falsehoods, and is guilty of more than theft, in thus seeking to rob the other regiments of the brigade, of their blood bought reputation. Did you but know the facts, and feel the indignation he has aroused, you would agree with us in pronouncing him a base and infamous calumniator.

Although the first sentence quoted is untrue, it does not concern any but the regiment and its friends, and I would not notice it if he had not linked with it other fabrications that should meet a prompt denial. The fact is, the 14th regiment suffered less by one-third than either the 4th or 2d, as the lists of killed and wounded show. It has more than 125 men left also, without its Adjutant mistakes the number in his reports, and a portion of those who go with it on dress parade, belong to some other organization. His statement that Gen. Rodes told Col. Bennett that "it was certainly the best regiment he ever saw," is news to us, and if Gen. R. did make the remark, it was simply [illegible] to say the least. Judging this from [illegible] follow it, I have no doubt your [illegible] fabricates Gen. Rodes, and [illegible] to, did compliment *the brigade* [illegible] without discriminating.

The "*modest* and *unassuming*" writer perpetrates a deliberate falsehood when he says "the other regiments of the brigade gave way soon after we (the 14th) went in, and the 14th drove the enemy from the breastworks without assistance." The 30th regiment was not with the brigade, being detached, and it done good and efficient service elsewhere. The 4th, 2d and 14th, in line of battle, approached the Yankee breastworks. Immediately in front of the enemy's works, on a slight elevation, opposite the 14th, the enemy had an advance line of men; with these, the 14th and three right companies of the 2d became engaged, and a continuous fire for two hours or more and until the 14th was relieved, was kept up. The 4th and the balance of the 2d regiment charged on to the enemy's breastworks, and the last named are the only troops in our brigade that succeeded in driving the enemy from their works. They did this at the point of the bayonet, and not a gun was fired by that part of the line until the enemy began their retreat. It was while in possession of the enemy's works that these two regiments suffered so terribly, being exposed to a murderous fire from several batteries of artillery in front, and enfiladed on each side by musketry; and only when it was seen that if they remained there they would all be exterminated or made prisoners, that the order was given to retire. At no time during the fight, while occupied by the enemy, did the 14th, approach nearer the breastworks than 150 yards. This statement is correct, and will be substantiated by the official reports.

I am inclined to think your "*modest*" and "unassuming gentleman" was a straggler on that memorable day. They are about the only persons who secure much of the spoils of the battle-field. I saw no "*cart loads*" of swords lying about the field. Many of our own dying officers were robbed of their swords, and pocket books too, before their friends could find them, and while their life-blood was oozing from their veins, by our own infamous stragglers.

The assertion that we captured 400 barrels crackers and 75,000 pounds of bacon, is a harmless fabrication. Our efficient brigade Commissary, Maj. Miller, has not received his share of the spoils, nor has he heard of its receipt by the Commissary General. It must have been wasted and destroyd by the stragglers.

In conclusion permit me to say, Mr. Editor, that I have no fault to find of the 14th Regiment. I would not, if I could, detract from its blood-worn reputation. It has always acted nobly, and needs not the comparitive praise it has received by the "*modest*" letter writer. It is commanded by one of the coolest, most self-possessed, brave and gallant officers of our army. But, it would be dishonorable to let pass the unblushing fabrication of the "modest gentleman," and I was compelled to speak of the regiment. The debt that is due to the dead martyrs who now lie mouldering in soldier graves on the fields of Chancellorsville—our duty to the mangled heroes that are suffering in our hospitals—and our duty to the gallant spirits that yet remain at their post, demanded that this calumniator should be rebuked.

I despise the mean and grovelling spirit that actuated the writer. Like many others who have lowered us in the estimation of our sister States, by crimination, he has no State pride, and cares not how low he may sink other representatives of our Old Mother State, so his individual egotism and personal vanity is flattered.

VERITAS.

LATER FROM THE NORTH.

The following news from the North must be taken with many grains of allowance. Some truth and some lies, of course, but enough truth, we fear, to give affairs in the West rather a bad coloring for us:

FREDERICKSBURG, May 26.

The Philadelphia *Inquirer*, of the 25th, has been received to-day.

An official dispatch from the rear of Vicksburg, dated the 20th, to the Secretary of War, says Grant won a great victory over Pemberton at Baker's Creek, on the Vicksburg an Jackson road, on the 16th. The rebels occupied a most formidable position, and had about twenty-five thousand men. The battle lasted from 11 o'clock until 1 P. M. Hoovey's division having lost 1,000 men was succeeded by Boomer's and Holme's brigades, of Crocker's division. Boomer lost 500 men. The rebels' direct retreat having been cut off on the right, they were compelled to escape by their right flank through the woods. Logan lost 409 killed and wounded. The Federals took about 2,000 prisoners.

On the 17th another battle was fought at Big Black River Bridge, Pemberton losing 2,000 prisoners. McClernard's corps, charged the rifle-pits and took more prisoners than their own numbers. Pemberton burned the bridge and retreated towards Vicksburg, losing 57 out of 60 cannon. Grant, building four bridges, arrived before the town, which he closely invests. He had opened a line of supplies via Chicksaw bayou, having cut the town off from Haine's Bluff, abandoned by the enemy, and which Grant will occupy. Steele won and holds the enemy's water batteries. Sherman's corps lost 500 killed and wounded yesterday, there being sharp fighting through the day. McPherson, in the centre, lost little, as did McClernard, on the left. The gunboats kept the enemy on the alert during the night. There are from 15,000 to 20,000 men in town.

The *Herald's* special dispatch says that up to the 20th Grant had fought five battles, captured 65 guns and 2,400 prisoners.

The Assistant Manager of the Telegraph at Memphis telegraphed, on the 23d, that official information from below to Wednesday had been received. Grant had captured Haine's Bluff and the entire works of Vicksburg, a large number of prisoners, and 57 pieces of artillery. The battle was still raging, with every prospect of capturing the entire force in Vicksburg.

Col. J. H. Rawles, A. A. G., telegraphed from the rear of Vicksburg on the 20th that the army landed at Brulinsberg on the 30th of April, fought the rebels under Boomer, at Port Gibson on the 1st of May, killing, wounding and capturing at least 1,500 prisoners, and taking five pieces of artillery; on the 12th, at Raymond, the rebels were defeated with a loss of 800; on the 14th Johnson was defeated and Jackson captured, with a loss to the enemy of 400, besides immense amounts of stores and manufacturers, and 17 pieces of artillery; on the 16th was fought the bloody and decisive battle of Baker's Creek, defeating the entire force of Vicksburg, under Pemberton, and taking 29 pieces of artillery and 4 000 men; on the 17th the same force was defeated at Black River Bridge, with a loss of 2,000 men and 17 pieces or artillery; on the 18th Vicksburg was closely invested; on the 20th Steele carried the rifle pits north of the city. The right of the army rests on the Mississippi above Vicksburg. He states further that there are from 15,000 to 20,000 men in Vicksburg; that Pemberton lost nearly all his field artillery, and that Grant has probably captured nearly all of the enemy. The cannonading ceased at Vicksburg about 3 P. M. on the 20th.

A Cario dispatch says if the rebels do not escape up the Yazoo most of them must be captured.

The President received a telegraphic dispatch from Cleveland, Ohio, the 24th, stating that the Stars and Stripes were floating over Vicksburg, and the victory is complete. This dispatch was from the Manager of the telegraph at Memphis.

Bragg is reported as fearing an attack by Rosecrans. His whole position at Horse Mountain is strongly fortified.

Reports say Price is advancing towards the Mississippi river, has crossed the Arkansas, and [illegible] him.

A petition circulating in Ohio asking that the [illegible] rights of citizens under the Constitution [illegible] suspended in the case, and imprisonment of Mr. Vallandigham, and demanding his immediate and unconditional release by the President.

A citizen was shot in Morgan county, Indiana, for collecting evidence against the K. G. C's.

Thirty rebel prisoners will be sent South with Vallandigham.

The siege of Puebla, Mexico, has been suspended until the arrival of heavier guns and reinforcements. Guerrillas had captured $1,030,660 in French currency. It was further reported that the French had been defeated, and were retreating in the direction of Orizaba.

Three hundred thousand men, it is expected, will be called into the field by the War Department. The enrolling officers in the First District of Pennsylvania began their labors on the 25th.

Admiral Farragut is said to be actively bombarding Port Hudson.

Gold 148 to 149—a sign that little importance is attached to the news from Vicksburg in financial circles.

WHAT NORTH CAROLINA SUFFERED.

The following extract from a letter to the Fayetteville *Observer*, will enable the reader to form some idea of how North Carolina suffered in the late battles in Virginia:

"In order that the reader may understand what North Carolina suffered on the 2d, 3d, and 4th inst., it will only be necessary to give a few meagre statistics—statistics that speak trumpet-tongued of the maimed, the bleeding, the dying and the dead. These facts are far more forcible than ornate periods or elaborate argumentation. They tell what part the sons of the "Old North State" bore in the most terrible battles of this gigantic war. Only let some faithful and pains taking author write a truthful narrative of the past two years, and I feel assured that North Carolina will have a place in the very fore-front of our Confederacy. Let the Pollards and Howisons be careful to do even handed justice to that State whose destiny is so closely linked with that of their own honored Commonwealth, and of whose sons probaly not less than 10,000 have been killed or wounded whilst fighting for our common liberties upon the soil of the "Old Dominion."

The subjoined statistics are necessarily incomplete and unsatisfactory. The probability is, that the list does not comprise two-thirds of the casualties. I give also an imperfect list of casualties among the N. C. officers, from Captains up. I will endeavor to report hereafter the remaining casualties.

LIST OF KILLED AND WOUNDED.

	Strength.	Killed.	Wound.	Total.
14th, Col. Bennett,		27	115	142
23d, Col. Christie,	454	31	112	163
21st		14	62	86
LANE'S BRIGADE.				
18th Regt,		30	95	
28th "		14	91	
33d "		32	98	
37th "		36	194	
7th " Col. Haywood,	317	43	153	
Total in Lane's Brigade,		155	631	786
1st Battallion			15	15
13th Regt. Col. Scales,	410	31	191	222
6th "		8	46	54
2d "	399	56	155	211
5th " Col. Garrett,		8	61	69
38th "		18	84	102
16th "		16	66	82
4th "		44	157	203
30th "		27	100	127
22d "		31	175	206
34th "		20	113	133
Total,		488	2,113	2,601

OFFICERS KILLED.

Colonels—J C S McDowell, 54th regt; Thos J Purdie, 18th; Wm Stowe.

Lieutenant Colonels—C C Cole, 22nd; I L Hill, 7th.

Majors—Maj Rowe, 12th; L Odell, 22d.

Captains—Falls, 4th; C S Alexander, W J Kerr, 7th; S M Davis 4th; D G McRae, Jno P Cobb, Cherry, 14th; Jno P Young, 7th.

OFFICERS WOUNDED.

Generals—Hoke, Ramseur.

Colonels—R T Bennett, 14th; E G Haywood. 7th; W R Cox, 2nd; Bryan Grimes, 4th; A M Scales, 13th C M Avery, 33d; W M Barbour, 37th; R V Cowan; I S McElroy, 16th; Thos Garrett, 5th.

Lieut Colonels—Stallings, 2nd; J W Lea, 5th; W A Johnston, 14th; Forney George, 18th; W H A Speer, 28th; I B Ashcraft, 37th.

Majors—W L Davidson, 7th; T W Mayhew, 33d; W G Morris, 37th; W J Hill, 5th.

Captains—Riddick, 5th; L M Davis, 5th; Guess, 6th; Vincent, 6th; Beal, 21st; Snow, 21st; Barrow, 21st; Jones, 21st; T E Lewis, 18th; T J Weeten, 18th; T J Linebarger, 28th; E J Morrow, 28th; T H Calting, 33d; D M Corine, 33d; A G Critcher, J L Bost, H C Fife, W M Still, March, Kelling, 4th; J T Wilson, H C Darden, S W Carter, 16th; W W Robinson, H A Rogers, J L Fuqua, R H Ward, H L Guerrant, 13th; A T Cob, A D Peace, 23d; J B McAnly, J S McCurdy, 7th; F Bennett, G W Hunter, E H Lyon, 23d.

The number of missing in many of the regiments is considerable. It will be seen that the brigade formerly commanded by the lamented Gen. Branch, who was killed at Sharpsburg, and which had sustained a loss of probably 1500 killed and wounded during the campaign of last year, has again suffered terribly.—It is now commanded by Gen. Lane, son of Gen. Jos. Lane, who is a native North Carolinian. The brigade commanded by the very gallant and able General W D Pender, (who, before this ought to have been promoted to the command of a division,) did some splendid fighting, and also received great loss. I regret I am unable to state the loss. I am informed that General Pender *led* his brigade in the memorable attack upon the enemy's breastworks at Chancellorsville. The young Brigadier General Ramseur, (25 years of age,) handled his troops with such skill as to draw from corps and division commanders hearty words of commendation on the battle field. His loss reported heavy. The brigade of Gen. Hoke well sustained the reputation of the "Old North State" for persistent, hard fighting, and is alluded to complimentary, as I have stated by Gen. Early, in whose division it fought.

PLACES OF NOTE IN MISSISSIPPI.

Jackson, the capitol of Mississippi, contains about 10,000 inhabitants, and is situated on Pearl River, about forty-six miles East of Vicksburg, and about two hundred miles North of New Orleans. The Southern Mississippi Railroad, from Vicksburg to Meridian, Miss., and the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad to Memphis and the North cross each other at Jackson.

Vicksburg is situated on elevated, uneven ground on the East bank of the Mississippi, about forty-six miles West of Jackson, and by the course of the river, about four hundred miles from New Orleans. Railroads are projected and partly completed to Shreveport, in Louisiana, on the West, and to Selma, Ala., on the East. The latter road (Southern Mississippi) crosses the New Orleans, Jackson and Northern Railroad, at Jackson, and the Mobile and Ohio Railroad at Meridian, Miss.

Meridian is a small place, 138 miles West of North of Mobile, situated on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, where it is crossed by the Southern Miss. from Vicksburg, to Selma. It is about 140 miles East from Vicksburg, and 94 East from Jackson.

Grenada is situated at the head of steamboat navigation on the Yalabusha River, one of the tributaries of the Yazoo, and 113 miles North by East of Jackson, on the New Orleans, Jackson and Northern Railroad.

Canton is a flourishing town in Madison County, Miss., of which it is the county site. It is situated on the N. O., Jackson and Northern Railroad, about 25 miles North-east of Jackson.

Raymond is a village about sixteen miles South-west of Jackson, and about eight miles South of the Southern Mississippi Railroad, with which it is connected by a branch road, and about the same distance from the New Orleans, Jackson and Northern Railroad.

Okolona is a small town in Mississippi, on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, and about 120 miles North from Jackson, and about 75 a little North of East of Grenada, and 260 miles by the railroad, from Mobile. It is 100 miles South of Corinth. At present, the cars from Mobile and Ohio Railroad do not run beyond Okolona.

Grand Gulf is a small town on the East bank of the Mississippi River, two miles below the mouth of the Big Black, and about 60 miles Southwest from Jackson.

Port Gibson is a flourishing town on the East bank of a small stream which enters the Mississippi about 20 miles below the Big Black, and it is situated about 20 miles from the mouth of he Bayou, about 10 miles South of Grand Gulf, and 65 miles Southwest from Jackson.

Port Hudson is a town of some importance in the parish of East Feliciana, Louisiana, and is situated on the East bank of the Mississippi, 155 miles above New Orleans, and about 260 below Vicksburg, by the course of the river, and is distant about 130 miles South west of Jackson by land.

Baton Rogue is the capitol of Louisiana, situated on the East bank of the Mississippi, 25 miles below Port Hudson by the course of the river.

Pearl River rises in the Northern central part of Mississippi, and flowing in a Southerly direction for the distance of 250 miles, passes through Lake Borgne into the Gulf of Mexico.

Yazoo River is deep, narrow, sluggish stream, about 200 long from the junction of the Tallahatchie and Yalabusha (which form it) to its mouth on the Mississippi, 12 miles above Vicksburg. In navigability it is said to be unsurpassed by any river of its size.

Yalabusha River rises a little to the West of Okolona, and pursuing a Westward course, unites with the Tallahatchie and forms the Yazoo. It is navigable by steamboats to Grenada, 100 miles from its mouth.

Tallahatchie River rises in the extreme North part of the State, and running first a South, then a Southerly direction, forms a junction with the Yalabusha at Leflore, about 100 by land, North of Jackson, forming the Yazoo. Its length is about 250 miles, and it is navigable to the mouth of Coldwater Creek, a distance of 100 miles.

Sunflower River, is a small stream rising in the Mississippi River, and after flowing about 250 miles, enters the Yazoo about 75 miles from its mouth.

Big Black River rises in Northern Central Mississippi, (in Choctaw County,) and flowing about 200 miles in a South-westerly direction, passing between Jackson and Vicksburg, empties into the Mississippi River between Vicksburg and Grand Gulf.—*Atlanta Intelligencer.*

BLACKING FROM CHINA BERRIES.—The *Sun* recommends its readers to preserve the following recipe:

If you want good blacking, take a half bushel of China berries, having them well picked from the stems, put them to a kettle, and add three gallons of water; boil down to one gallon, then strain the liquor through a sieve to take out seeds and skins, add as much pine wood (the more rotten the better) soot as will make a good black and it is ready for use. A pint of good or a quart of weak vinegar (or small beer,) first mixed with the soot will make it better. If you add the whole of one egg to half a gallon of the blacking it will be best and equal to the Yankee blacking. The blacking costs little besides trouble, and will make boots cleaned with it inferior to none in gloss, and will not soil a white handkerchief. Let it stand a week before you bottle it off.

PROMOTED.—The Wilmington *Journal* says:

We learn that Maj. John D. Barry, of the 3d regiment, N. C. T., has been promoted to the command of that regiment, his rank as Colonel dating from the 3d May, 1863, (the battle of Chancellorsville). Maj. Barry has been promoted to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Col. T. J. Purdie. All who know Col. Barry, will rejoice in his promotion, although none can fail to regret the occasion of the vacancy which he is promoted to fill. We can bestow no higher promise upon our brave and patriotic young friend than that he is worthy to fill the place of the gallant and lamented Purdie.

Sir William Armstrong has lately completed a hundred pounder gun weighing twenty two tons which has been sent to Shoeburyness for trial.

Duplin County, May 25, 1863.—EDITOR PROGRESS, RALEIGH, N. C.—No wish to add or subtract feelings, but as some friend has suggested something, I suggest the name of Wm. J. Houston, Esq., as a suitable person to be voted for for Congress in the district now represented by the Hon. Owen R. Kenan, and as we all should have the same privileges as another, I suggest the name of THOMAS I. FAISON as a suitable person to represent the 3rd Congressional District at the approaching election. No better or more loyal man than Thomas I. Faison, no private man has done more for the Government and the soldiers. Three of his sons have devoted their time and talents in the cause of freedom, and one of them has sealed it with his blood.

MANY VOTERS OF 3d CON. DIST. OF N. C.

May 29-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THIRD & LAST NIGHT, BY REQUEST.

CONCERT.

TO-NIGHT, MAY 30TH,

AT

TOWN H

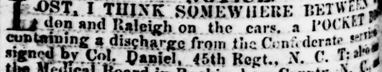
THE SOUTHERN
AFRICAN SERENADERS
AND
QUADRILLE BAND.

On their way to the Springs, having been requested by a number of worthy citizens to stop and give ONE NIGHT THEIR CHASTE AND SELECT ENTERTAINMENT, they will gratify the desire, hoping to receive a liberal patronage. The Company composing the band, is well known to the public for their select music, having performed before those who enjoy the light fantastic toe at all the most prominent Summer resorts.

Admittance, $1. Children and servants half price.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock.
Front seats reserved for the Ladies.

May 30-1t

RAILROAD MEETING.



GOLDSBORO', May 26, 1863.

To the Stockholders of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad Company:

AS IT IS IMPRACTICABLE TO HOLD YOUR annual meeting in the town of Newbern, you are hereby notified that the meeting will be held in the town of Kinston on the 25th day of June next.

JOHN D. WHITFORD, Pres't.

May 30-td

NOTICE.

LOST, I THINK SOMEWHERE BETWEEN Weldon and Raleigh on the cars, a POCKET BOOK containing a discharge from the Confederate service signed by Col. Daniel, 45th Regt., N. C. T.; also one from the Medical Board in Rockingham County, N. C., and One Bill dated the 9th or 11th inst.

A suitable reward will be paid to any one finding and returning the BOOK and contents to me. Address

P. M. AMOS, Madison, N. C.

May 30-1t*

COWS STRAYED OR STOLEN--$25 REWARD.

STRAYED OR STOLEN FROM MY PREMISES, near Raleigh, two COWS, one red and the other brindle, both about five years old. The ear marks are, one crop in the right ear and crop and hole in the left. Cows were brought from Lenoir county, and may be making their way back. They left about the middle of last week. I will give Ten Dollars for the return of each, or Five for either.

May 30-tf

ROBERT H. ROUNTREE.

$100 REWARD.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD WILL be paid for the recovery of a GOLD WATCH, lost, or stolen at the Raleigh Depot or in the cars from Gaston care on the night of the 28th. The above reward will be paid if the watch be left at the

SO. EXPRESS OFFICE,
Raleigh, N. C.

May 30-1w

WANTED.

TO HIRE FOR THE BALANCE OF THE YEAR, a stout NEGRO BOY to work about my lot.

J. H. BRYAN Jr.,
Company Shops, N. C. R. R.

May 30-1w*